## N-Channel FREDFET

Power MOS $8^{T M}$ is a high speed, high voltage N -channel switch-mode power MOSFET. This 'FREDFET' version has a drain-source (body) diode that has been optimized for high reliability in ZVS phase shifted bridge and other circuits through reduced trr, soft recovery, and high recovery dv/dt capability. Low gate charge, high gain, and a greatly reduced ratio of $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{rss}} / \mathrm{C}_{\text {iss }}$ result in excellent noise immunity and low switching loss. The intrinsic gate resistance and capacitance of the poly-silicon gate structure help control di/dt during switching, resulting in low EMI and reliable paralleling, even when switching at very high frequency.


APT7F80K
Single die FREDFET

## FEATURES

- Fast switching with low EMI
- Low $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{rr}}$ for high reliability
- Ultra low $\mathrm{C}_{\text {rss }}$ for improved noise immunity
- Low gate charge
- Avalanche energy rated
- RoHS compliant


## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- ZVS phase shifted and other full bridge
- Half bridge
- PFC and other boost converter
- Buck converter
- Single and two switch forward
- Flyback


## Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Symbol | Parameter | Ratings | Unit |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | Continuous Drain Current @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 7 |  |
|  | Continuous Drain Current @ $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 4.5 | A |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{DM}}$ | Pulsed Drain Current ${ }^{(1)}$ | 25 |  |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{GS}}$ | Gate-Source Voltage | $\pm 30$ | V |
| $\mathrm{E}_{\text {AS }}$ | Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ${ }^{(2)}$ | 285 | mJ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {AR }}$ | Avalanche Current, Repetitive or Non-Repetitive | 4 | A |

Thermal and Mechanical Characteristics

| Symbol | Characteristic | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | Total Power Dissipation @ $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 225 | W |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {өJc }}$ | Junction to Case Thermal Resistance |  |  | 0.56 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\theta \text { өcs }}$ | Case to Sink Thermal Resistance, Flat, Greased Surface |  | 0.11 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}, \mathrm{T}_{\text {STG }}$ | Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range | -55 |  | 150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | Soldering Temperature for 10 Seconds (1.6mm from case) |  |  | 300 |  |
| $W_{T}$ | Package Weight |  | 0.07 |  | oz |
|  |  |  | 1.2 |  | g |
| Torque | Mounting Torque ( TO-220 Package), 4-40 or M3 screw |  |  | 10 | in $\cdot \mathrm{lbf}$ |
|  |  |  |  | 1.1 | $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ |

Static Characteristics
$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise specified
APT7F80K

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions |  | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {BR(DSS })}$ | Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {GS }}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=250 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 800 |  |  | V |
| $\Delta \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{BR}(\mathrm{DSS})} / \Delta \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}$ | Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient | Reference to $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=250 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |  |  | 0.87 |  | $\mathrm{V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS} \text { (on) }}$ | Drain-Source On Resistance ${ }^{(3)}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=4 \mathrm{~A}$ |  |  | 1.39 | 1.50 | $\Omega$ |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}(\mathrm{th})}$ | Gate-Source Threshold Voltage | $V_{G S}=V_{D S}, I_{D}=0.5 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 2.5 | 4 | 5 | V |
| $\Delta \mathrm{V}_{\text {GS(th) }} / \Delta \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}$ | Threshold Voltage Temperature Coefficient |  |  |  | -10 |  | $\mathrm{mV} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {DSS }}$ | Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current | $V_{\text {DS }}=800 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 250 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 1000 |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {GSS }}$ | Gate-Source Leakage Current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GS}}= \pm 30 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  |  | $\pm 100$ | nA |

Dynamic Characteristics
$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise specified

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{fs}}$ | Forward Transconductance | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=50 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=4 \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 6 |  | S |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {iss }}$ | Input Capacitance | $\begin{gathered} V_{G S}=0 \mathrm{~V}, V_{D S}=25 \mathrm{~V} \\ f=1 \mathrm{MHz} \end{gathered}$ |  | 1335 |  | pF |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {rss }}$ | Reverse Transfer Capacitance |  |  | 23 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {oss }}$ | Output Capacitance |  |  | 135 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {o(cr) }}{ }^{4}$ | Effective Output Capacitance, Charge Related | $\mathrm{V}_{G S}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 533 V |  | 65 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {o(er) }}{ }^{\text {(5) }}$ | Effective Output Capacitance, Energy Related |  |  | 31 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{g}}$ | Total Gate Charge | $\begin{gathered} V_{G S}=0 \text { to } 10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{D}}=4 \mathrm{~A}, \\ V_{D S}=400 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ |  | 43 |  | $n C$ |
| $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{gs}}$ | Gate-Source Charge |  |  | 7 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{gd}}$ | Gate-Drain Charge |  |  | 22 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{d}(\mathrm{on})}$ | Turn-On Delay Time | Resistive Switching$\begin{gathered} V_{D D}=533 \mathrm{~V}, I_{D}=4 \mathrm{~A} \\ R_{G}=10 \Omega^{6}, V_{G G}=15 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ |  | 8 |  | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}$ | Current Rise Time |  |  | 11 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{d} \text { (off) }}$ | Turn-Off Delay Time |  |  | 33 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}$ | Current Fall Time |  |  | 10 |  |  |

## Source-Drain Diode Characteristics

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions |  | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{I}_{s}$ | Continuous Source Current (Body Diode) | MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode (body diode) |  |  |  | 7 | A |
| $I_{\text {SM }}$ | Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) |  |  |  |  | 25 |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {SD }}$ | Diode Forward Voltage | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {SD }}=4 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{J}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\text {GS }}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  |  | 1.3 | V |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{rr}}$ | Reverse Recovery Time | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SD}}=4 \mathrm{~A}(3) \\ \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=100 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{di}_{\mathrm{SD}} / \mathrm{dt}=100 \mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{s} \end{gathered}$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 140 | 160 | ns |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 220 | 260 |  |
| $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{rr}}$ | Reverse Recovery Charge |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 0.45 |  | $\mu \mathrm{C}$ |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 0.94 |  |  |
| $I_{\text {rrm }}$ | Reverse Recovery Current |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 7.03 |  | A |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 9.82 |  |  |
| dv/dt | Peak Recovery dv/dt | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SD}} \leq 4 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{di} / \mathrm{dt} \leq 1000 \mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=533 \mathrm{~V}, \\ \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{J}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | 25 | V/ns |

(1) Repetitive Rating: Pulse width and case temperature limited by maximum junction temperature.
(2) Starting at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{L}=35.63 \mathrm{mH}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{G}}=25 \Omega, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{AS}}=4 \mathrm{~A}$.
(3) Pulse test: Pulse Width $<380 \mu \mathrm{~s}$, duty cycle $<2 \%$.
(4) $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{o} \text { (rr) }}$ is defined as a fixed capacitance with the same stored charge as $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{Oss}}$ with $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}=67 \%$ of $\mathrm{V}_{\text {(BR)DSS }}$
(5) $C_{o(\text { (er) }}$ is defined as a fixed capacitance with the same stored energy as $C_{o s s}$ with $V_{D S}=67 \%$ of $V_{(B R) D S S}$. To calculate $C_{o(e r)}$ for any value of $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}$ less than $\mathrm{V}_{(\mathrm{BR}) \mathrm{DSS},}$ use this equation: $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{o}(\mathrm{er})}=4.24 \mathrm{E}-9 / \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}{ }^{\wedge} 2+5.44 \mathrm{E}-9 / \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}+2.10 \mathrm{E}-11$.
(6) $R_{G}$ is external gate resistance, not including internal gate resistance or gate driver impedance. (MIC4452)

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Figure 1, Output Characteristics


Figure 3, $\mathbf{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(\mathrm{ON})}$ vs Junction Temperature


Figure 5, Gain vs Drain Current


Figure 7, Gate Charge vs Gate-to-Source Voltage


Figure 2, Output Characteristics


Figure 4, Transfer Characteristics


Figure 6, Capacitance vs Drain-to-Source Voltage


Figure 8, Reverse Drain Current vs Source-to-Drain Voltage


Figure 9, Forward Safe Operating Area


Figure 10, Maximum Forward Safe Operating Area


Figure 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance Junction-to-Case vs Pulse Duration


[^0]:    Microsemi reserves the right to change, without notice, the specifications and information contained herein.

