Burst Triple Mode PWM Flyback Controller

General Description

The R7731A is a high-performance, low cost, low start-up current and current mode PWM controller with burst triple mode to support green mode power saving operation. The R7731A integrates functions of soft start, Under Voltage LockOut (UVLO), Leading Edge Blanking (LEB), Over Temperature Protection (OTP) and internal slope compensation. It provides the users a superior AC/DC power application of higher efficiency, low external component counts and lower cost solution.

To protect the external power MOSFET from being damaged by supply over voltage, the R7731A output driver is clamped at 12V. Furthermore, R7731A features fruitful protections like Over Load Protection (OLP) and Over Voltage Protection (OVP) to eliminate the external protection circuits and provide reliable operation. R7731A is available in SOT-23-6 and DIP-8 packages.

Ordering Information

R7731A 🔲 📮

Package Type E : SOT-23-6 N : DIP-8

Lead Plating System
 G : Green (Halogen Free and Pb Free)

Note :

Richtek products are :

- RoHS compliant and compatible with the current requirements of IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020.
- Suitable for use in SnPb or Pb-free soldering processes.

Marking Information

R7731AGE

IDP=W

IDP= : Product Code W : Date Code

R7731AGE



R7731AGN : Product Number YMDNN : Date Code

Features

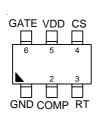
- Very Low Start-up Current (<30μA)
- 10/14V UVLO
- Soft Start Function
- Current Mode Control
- Jittering Switching Frequency
- Internal Leading Edge Blanking
- Built-in Slope Compensation
- Burst Triple Mode PWM for Green-Mode
- Cycle-by-Cycle Current Limit
- Feedback Open Protection
- Over Voltage Protection
- Over Temperature Protection
- Over Load Protection
- Soft Driving for Reducing EMI
- Driver Capability ±200mA
- High Noise Immunity
- Opto-Coupler Short Protection
- RoHS Compliant and Halogen Free

Applications

- Adaptor and Battery Charger
- ATX Standby Power
- Set-Top Box (STB)
- DVD and CD(R)
- TV/Monitor Standby Power
- PC Peripherals

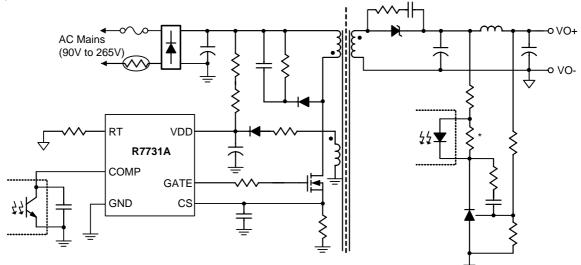


Pin Configurations



SOT-23-6





(TOP VIEW)

* : See Application Information

GND COMP NC RT

NC

DIP-8

CS

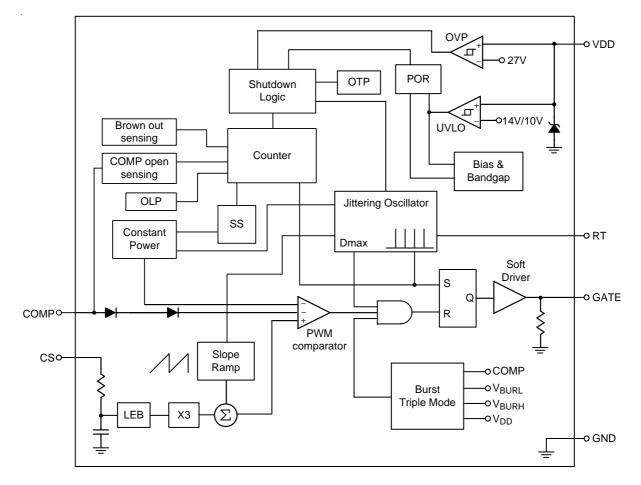
GATE VDD

Functional Pin Description

Pin No.		Din Nome	Din Expection		
SOT-23-6	DIP8	Pin Name	Pin Function		
1	8	GND	Ground.		
2	7	COMP	Comparator Input. By connecting an opto-coupler to this pin, the peak current set point is adjusted accordingly to the output power requirement.		
3	5	RT	Set the switching frequency by connecting a resistor to GND.		
4	4	CS	Primary Current Sense.		
5	2	VDD	IC Power Supply.		
6	1	GATE	Gate Driver Output to drive the external MOSFET.		
	3, 6	NC	No Internal Connection.		



Function Block Diagram





Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

 Supply Input Voltage, V_{DD} GATE Pin RT, COMP, CS Pin I_{DD} 	0.3V to 20V 0.3V to 6.5V
 Power Dissipation, P_D @ T_A = 25°C SOT-23-6	
 Package Thermal Resistance (Note 2) SOT-23-6, θ_{JA} DIP-8, θ_{JA} Junction Temperature Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.) Storage Temperature Range	- 140°C/W - 150°C - 260°C
ESD Susceptibility (Note 3) HBM (Human Body Mode) MM (Machine Mode)	

Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 4)

Supply Input Voltage, V _{DD}	12V to 25V
Operating Frequency	50k to 130kHz
Junction Temperature Range	–40°C to 125°C
Ambient Temperature Range	–40°C to 85°C

Electrical Characteristics

 $(V_{DD}$ = 15V, VDD bypass capacitor=0.1µF, R_T = 100k Ω , T_A = 25°C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit		
VDD Section								
V _{DD} Over Voltage Protection Level	V _{OVP}		25.5	27	28.5	V		
On Threshold Voltage	VTH_ON		13	14	15	V		
V _{DD} On/Off Hysteresis	V _{DD_HYS}		3	4	5	V		
Start-up Current	I _{DD_ST}	$V_{DD} = V_{TH_ON} - 0.1V$		20	30	μA		
Operating Current	I _{DD_OP}	V_{DD} = 15V, R_T = 100k Ω , GATE = Open, V_{COMP} = 2.5V		1.1	2.2	mA		
VDD Holdup Mode Hysteresis Ending Level	V _{DD_HYS}	V _{COMP} < 1.6V		11.5		V		
VDD Holdup Mode Entry Level	V _{DD_LOW}	$V_{COMP} < 1.6V$		11		V		
V _{DD} Clamp Voltage	V _{DD_CLAMP}			29		V		
Oscillator Section (RT pin)								
Normal PWM Frequency	fosc	R _T = 100kΩ	60	65	70	kHz		

To be continued

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit	
Frequency Jittering Range				±6		%	
PWM Frequency Jitter Period	T _{JIT}	For 65 kHz		4		ms	
Maximum Duty Cycle	D _{MAX}		70	75	80	%	
Frequency Variation Versus V _{DD} Deviation	f _{DV}	V _{DD} = 12V to 25V			2	%	
Frequency Variation Versus Temperature Deviation	f _{DT}	T _A = -30°C to 105°C (Note 5)			5	%	
COMP Input Section							
Open Loop Voltage	V _{COMP_OP}	COMP pin open	5.2	5.6	6	V	
COMP Open-loop Protection Delay Cycles	T _{OLP}	R _T = 100kΩ		60		ms	
Short Circuit Current	I _{ZERO}	V _{COMP} = 0V		1.2	2.2	mA	
Current-Sense Section							
Initial Peak Current Limit Offset	Vcsth		0.8	0.85	0.9	V	
Leading Edge Blanking Time	T _{LEB}			420	520	ns	
Propagation Delay Time	T _{PD}			100		ns	
GATE Section							
Rising Time	T _R	$V_{DD} = 15V, C_{L} = 1nF$		250	350	ns	
Falling Time	T _F	$V_{DD} = 15V, C_L = 1nF$		150	250	ns	
Gate Output Clamping Voltage	V _{CLAMP}	$V_{DD} = 22V$		12		V	
Over Temperature Protection	T _{OTP}		140			°C	
OTP Hysteresis	T _{OTP_HYS}			30		°C	

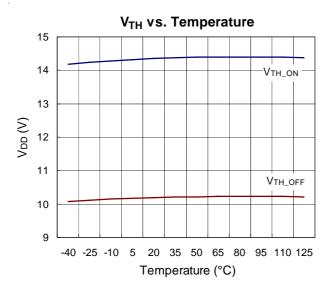
Note 1. Stresses listed as the above "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are for stress ratings. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may remain possibility to affect device reliability.

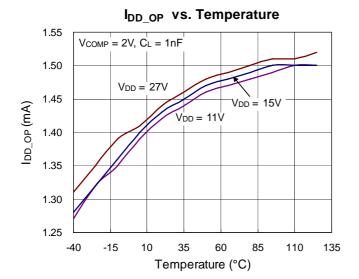
- Note 2. θ_{JA} is measured in the natural convection at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ on a low effective single layer thermal conductivity test board of JEDEC 51-3 thermal measurement standard.
- Note 3. Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precaution is recommended.
- Note 4. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions.

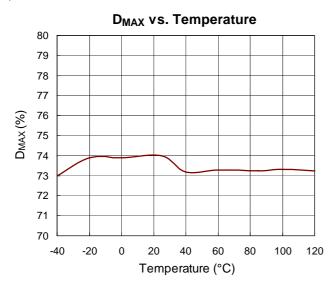
Note 5. Guaranteed by design.

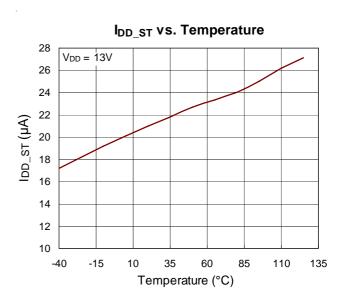


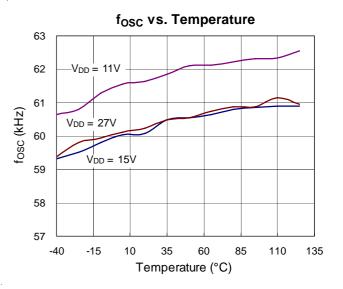
Typical Operating Characteristics

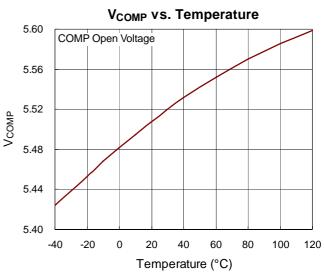




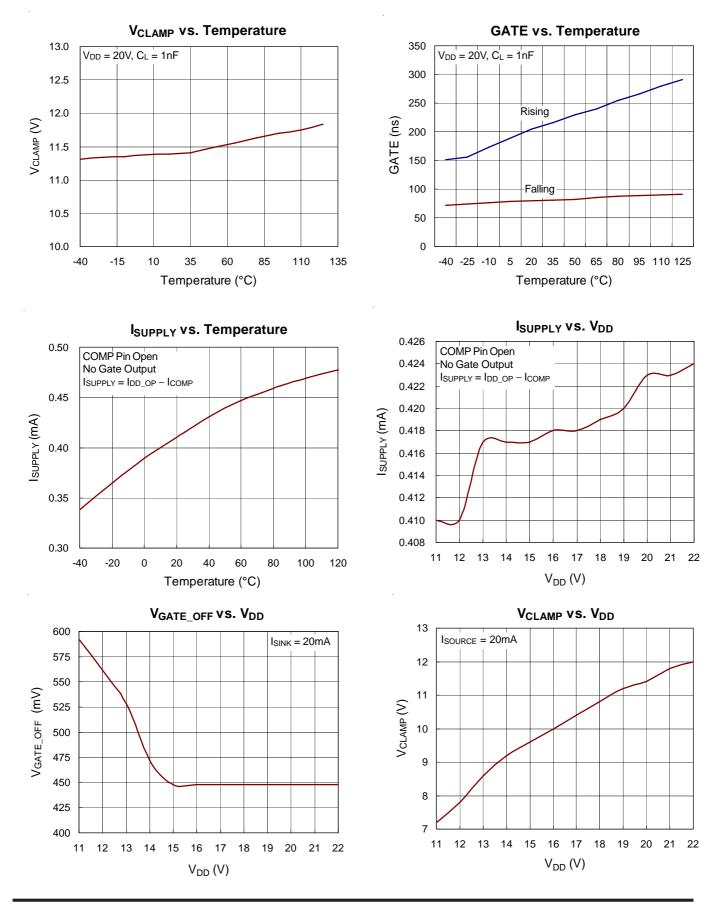








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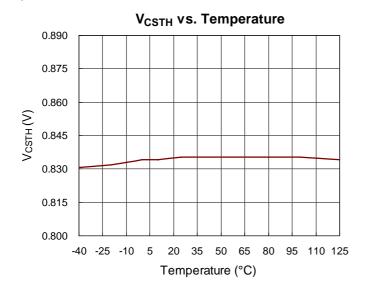


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Application Information

UVLO

Under Voltage LockOut (UVLO) block is to ensure V_{DD} has reached proper operation voltage before we enable the whole IC blocks. To provide better temperature coefficient and precise UVLO threshold voltage, the reference voltage of hysteresis voltage (10V/14V) is from band-gap block directly. By this way, R7731A can operate more reliable in different environments.

The maximum start-up current $(30\mu A)$ is only for leakage current of IC at UVLO(on)-0.1V. The external al-capacitor on VDD may have 5 to $6\mu A$ extra leakage current. So designed start-up current of the system should exceed $36\mu A$ or more and IC can start up normally. In addition, designed start-up current of system should be less than $380\mu A$, and IC can work normally at hiccup mode.

Jittering Oscillator

For better EMI performance, R7731A will operate the system with $\pm 6\%$ frequency deviation around setting frequency.

To guarantee precise frequency, it is trimmed to 5% tolerance. It also generates slope compensation saw-tooth, 75% maximum duty cycle pulse and overload protection slope. By adjusting resistor of RT pin according to the following formula :

$$f_{OSC}$$
 (kHz) = $\frac{6500}{R_T(k\Omega)}$

It can typically operate between 50kHz to 130kHz. Note that RT pin can't be short or open otherwise oscillator will not operate.

Built-in Slope Compensation

To reduce component counts, slope compensation is implemented by internal built-in saw-tooth. Since it's builtin, it's compromised between loop gain and sub-harmonic reduction. In general design, it can cancel sub-harmonic to 90Vac.

Leading Edge Blanking (LEB)

MOSFET C_{OSS}, secondary rectifier reverse recovery current and gate driver sourcing current comprise initial current spike. The spike will seriously disturb current mode operation especially at light load and high line. R7731A provides built-in 420ns LEB to guarantee proper operation in diverse design.

Noise Immunity

Current mode controller is very sensitive to noise. R7731A takes the advantages of Richtek long term experience in designing high noise immunity current mode circuit and layout. Also, we amplify current sense signal to compare with feedback signal instead of dividing feedback signal. All the effort is to provide clean and reliable current mode operation.

Soft-Start

During initial power on, especially at high line, current spike is kind of unlimited by current limit. Therefore, besides cycle-by-cycle current limiting, R7731A still provides soft-start function. It effectively suppresses the start-up current spike. As shown in the Figure 1 and Figure 2, the start-up V_{CS} is about 0.3V lower than competitor. The typical soft-start duration is 4ms ($R_T = 100k\Omega$). Again, this will provide more reliable operation and possibility to use smaller current rating power MOSFET.

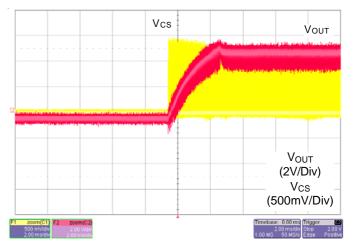
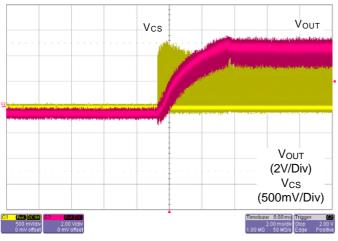
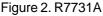


Figure 1. Competitor

R7731A







Gate Driver

A totem pole gate driver is fine tuned to meet both EMI and efficiency requirement in low power application. An internal pull low circuit is activated after pretty low V_{DD} to prevent external MOSFET from accidentally turning on during UVLO.

Burst Triple Mode

To fulfill green mode requirement, there are 3 operation modes in R7731A. Please also refer to Figure 3 for details.

PWM Mode

For most of load condition, the circuit will run at traditional PWM current mode.

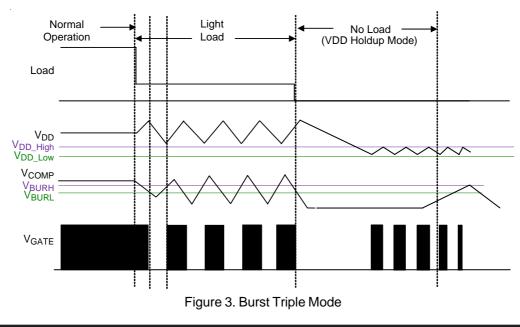
Burst Mode

During light load, switching loss will dominate the power efficiency calculation. This mode is to cut switching loss. As shown in Figure 3, when the output load gets light, feedback signal drops and touches V_{BURL} (Typical value is 1.75V). Clock signal will be blanked and system ceases to switching. After V_{OUT} drops and feedback signal goes back to V_{BURH} (1.8V, typically), switching will be resumed. Burst mode so far is widely used in low power application because it's simple, reliable and will not have any patent infringement issue.

VDD Holdup Mode

When the V_{DD} drops down to V_{DD} turn off threshold voltage, the system will be shut down. During shut down period, controller does nothing to any load change and might cause V_{OUT} down. To avoid this, when V_{DD} drops to a setting threshold, 11V, the hysteresis comparator will bypass PWM and burst mode loop and force switching at a very low level to supply energy to VDD pin. The designed value is 11.25V with 0.5V hysteresis band.

Furthermore, VDD holdup mode is only designed to prevent V_{DD} from touching turn off threshold voltage under light load or load transient moment. Relative to burst mode, switching loss will increase on the system at VDD holdup mode, so it is highly recommended that the system should avoid operating at this mode during light load or no load condition, normally.



Protection

R7731A provides fruitful protection functions that intend to protect system from being damaged. All the protection functions can be listed as below :

Cycle-by-Cycle Current Limit

This is a basic but very useful function and it can be implemented easily in current mode controller.

Over Load Protection

Long time cycle-by-cycle current limit will lead to system thermal stress. To further protect system, system will be shut down after about 4096 clock cycles. it's about 60ms delay in 67kHz operation. After shutdown, system will resume and behave as hiccup. By proper start-up resistor design, thermal will be averaged to an acceptable level over the ON/OFF cycle of IC. This will last until fault is removed. [#]It's highly recommended to add a resistor in parallel with the opto-coupler. To provide sufficient bias current to make TL-431 regulate properly, 1.2k Ω resistor is suggested.

Brownout Protection

During heavy load, this will trigger 60ms protection and shut down the system. If it's in light load condition, system will be shut down after V_{DD} is running low and triggers UVLO.

▶ OVP

Output voltage can be roughly sensed by VDD pin. If the sensed voltage reaches 27V threshold, system will be shut down after $20\mu s$ deglitch delay.

Feedback Open and Opto-Coupler Short

This will trigger OVP or 60ms delay protection. It depends on which one occurs first.

▶ OTP

Internal OTP function will protect the controller itself from suffering thermal stress and permanent damage. It stops the system from switching until the temperature is under threshold level. Meanwhile, if V_{DD} reaches V_{DD} turn off threshold voltage, system will hiccup till over temperature condition is gone.

Negative Voltage Spike on Each Pin

Negative voltage (< –0.3V) on each pin will cause substrate injection. It leads to controller damage or circuit false trigger. Generally, it happens at CS pin due to negative spike because of improper layout or inductive current sense resistor. Therefore, it is highly recommended to add a R-C filter to avoid CS pin damage, as shown in Figure 4. Proper layout and careful circuit design should be done to guarantee yield rate in mass production.

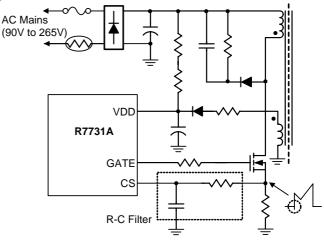


Figure 4. R-C Filter on CS Pin

R7731A

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Layout Consideration

A proper PCB layout can abate unknown noise interference and EMI issue in the switching power supply. Please refer to the guidelines when you want to design PCB layout for switching power supply:

The current path (1) from bulk capacitor, transformer, MOSFET, Rcs return to bulk capacitor is a huge high frequency current loop. It must be as short as possible to decrease noise coupling and kept a space to other low voltage traces, such as IC control circuit paths, especially. Besides, the path (2) from RCD snubber circuit to MOSFET is also a high switching loop, too. So keep it as small as possible. It is good for reducing noise, output ripple and EMI issue to separate ground traces of bulk capacitor (a), MOSFET (b), auxiliary winding (c) and IC control circuit (d). Finally, connect them together on bulk capacitor ground (a). The areas of these ground traces should be kept large.

Placing bypass capacitor for abating noise on IC is highly recommended. The bypass capacitor should be placed as close to controller as possible.

To minimize reflected trace inductance and EMI minimize the area of the loop connecting the secondary winding, the output diode, and the output filter capacitor. In addition, provide sufficient copper area at the anode and cathode terminal of the diode for heatsinking. Provide a larger area at the quiet cathode terminal. A large anode area can increase high-frequency radiated EMI.

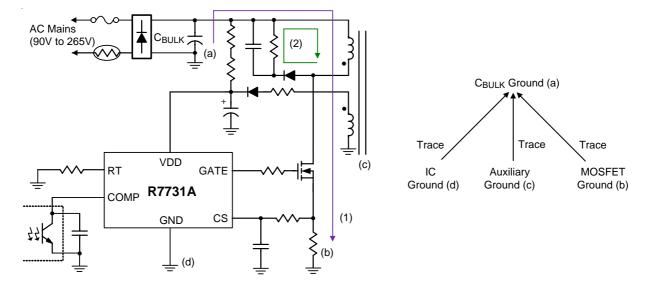
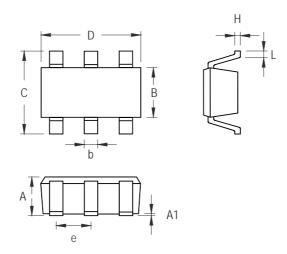


Figure 5. PCB Layout Guide



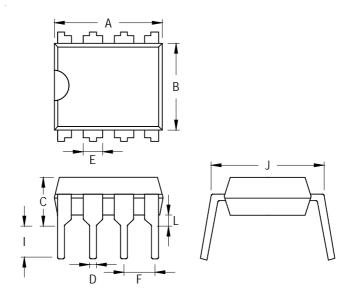
Outline Dimension



Symbol	Dimensions	n Millimeters	Dimensions In Inches		
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	
А	0.889	1.295	0.031	0.051	
A1	0.000	0.152	0.000	0.006	
В	1.397	1.803	0.055	0.071	
b	0.250	0.560	0.010	0.022	
С	2.591	2.997	0.102	0.118	
D	2.692	3.099	0.106	0.122	
е	0.838	1.041	0.033	0.041	
Н	0.080	0.254	0.003	0.010	
L	0.300	0.610	0.012	0.024	

SOT-23-6 Surface Mount Package





Symbol	Dimensions I	n Millimeters	Dimensions In Inches		
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	
А	9.068	9.627	0.357	0.379	
В	6.198	6.604	0.244	0.260	
С	3.556	4.318	0.140	0.170	
D	0.356	0.559	0.014	0.022	
E	1.397	1.651	0.055	0.065	
F	2.337	2.743	0.092	0.108	
I	3.048	3.556	0.120	0.140	
J	7.366	8.255	0.290	0.325	
L	0.3	881	0.0	15	

8-Lead DIP Plastic Package

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